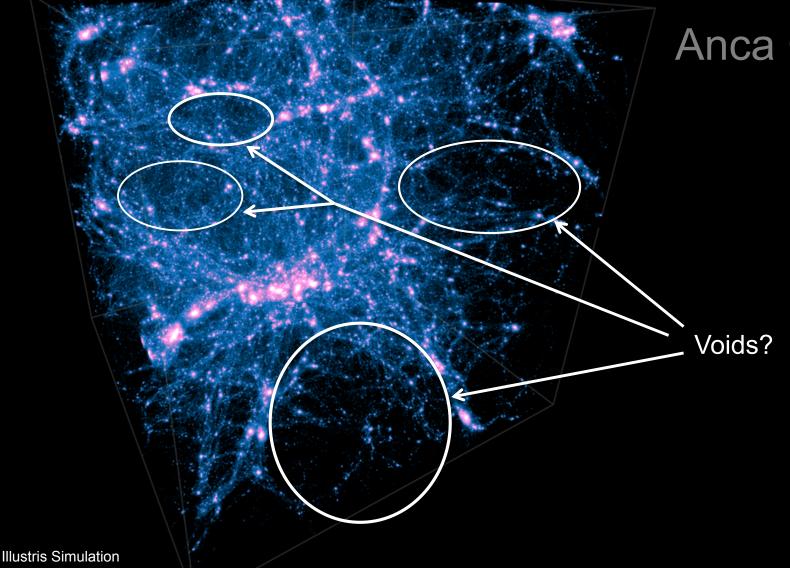
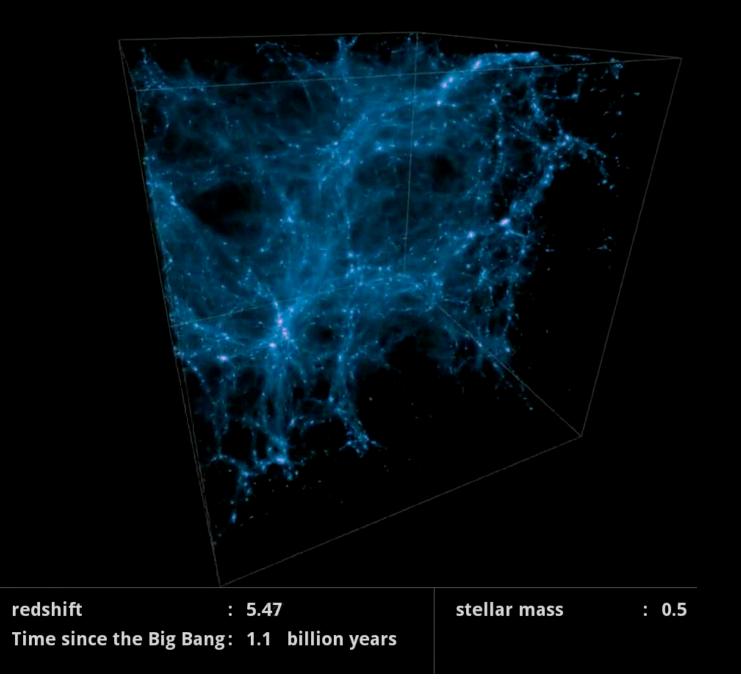
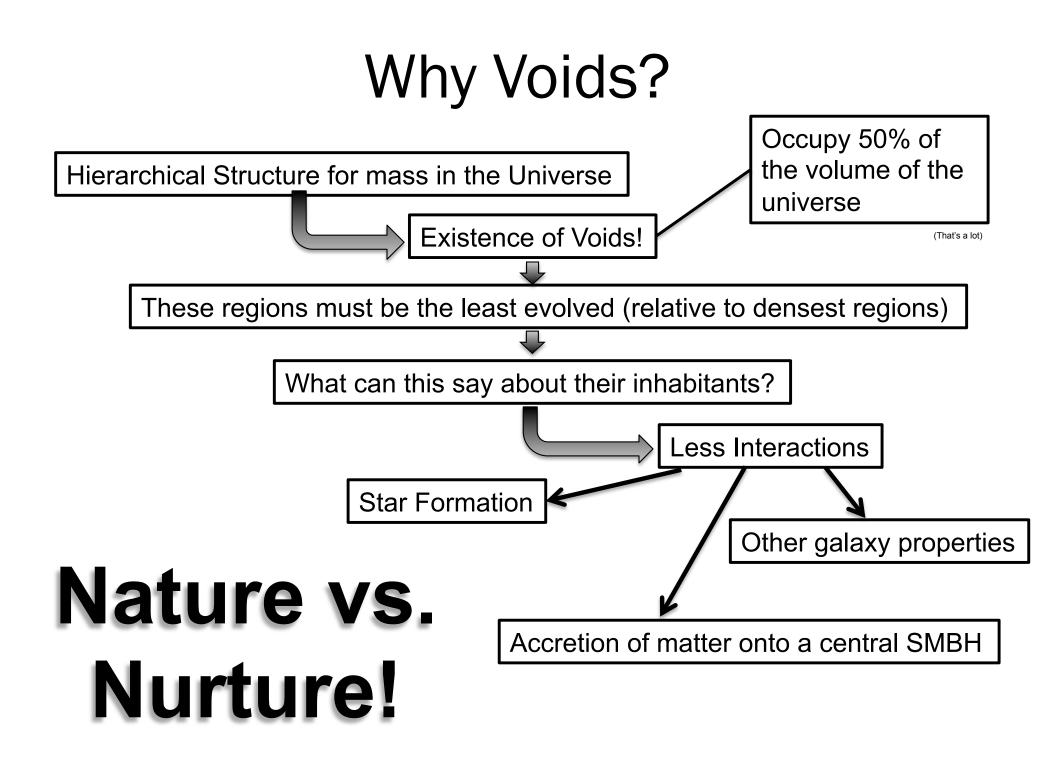
Building the Most Robust Cosmic Void Catalog

Chris Castillo Anca Constantin



Dark Matter

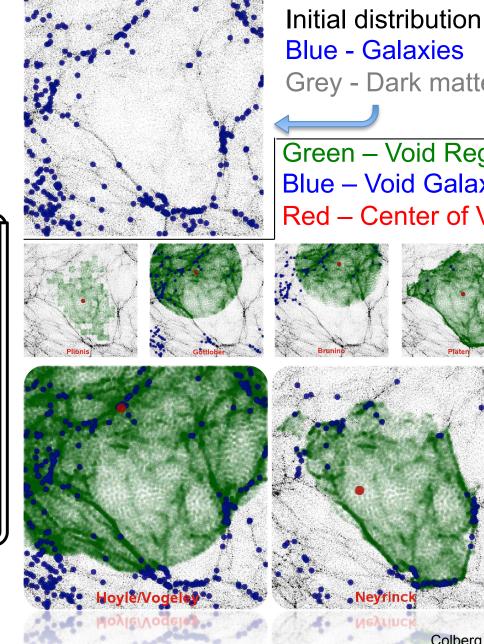




Finding Voids and their Inhabitants

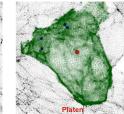
- Variety of methods used for finding voids
- How matter, dark and • luminous, are distributed in the universe

<u>Observations</u>	Simulations
Author	Base
Brunino	Haloes
Colberg	Dark matter density field
Fairall	Galaxies
Foster/Nelson	Galaxies
Gottlöber	Haloes/Galaxies
Hahn/Porciani	Dark matter density field
Hoyle/Vogeley	Galaxies
Müller	Halos/Galaxies
Neyrinck	Dark matter density field
Pearce	Dark matter
Platen/Weygaert	Dark matter density field
Plionis/Basilakos	Dark matter density field
Shandarin/Feldman	Dark matter density field



Blue - Galaxies Grey - Dark matter

Green – Void Region Blue – Void Galaxies Red – Center of Void



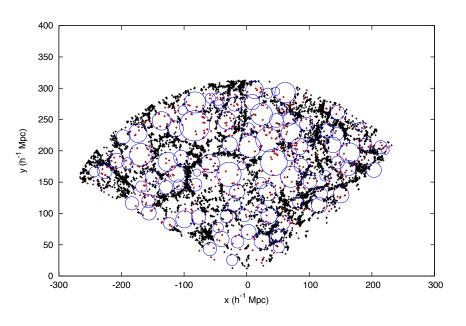
Colberg et al.

Two Most Recent Void Finder Studies

SDSS

Pan et al. (2012)

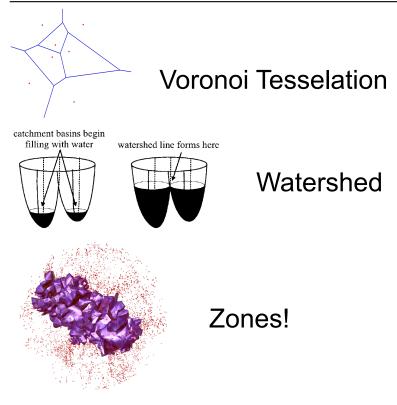
- Simplest shape: spherical
- Third nearest neighbor
- Grow spheres
- Form hierarchy from overlapping spheres
- All galaxies inside these spheres are void galaxies



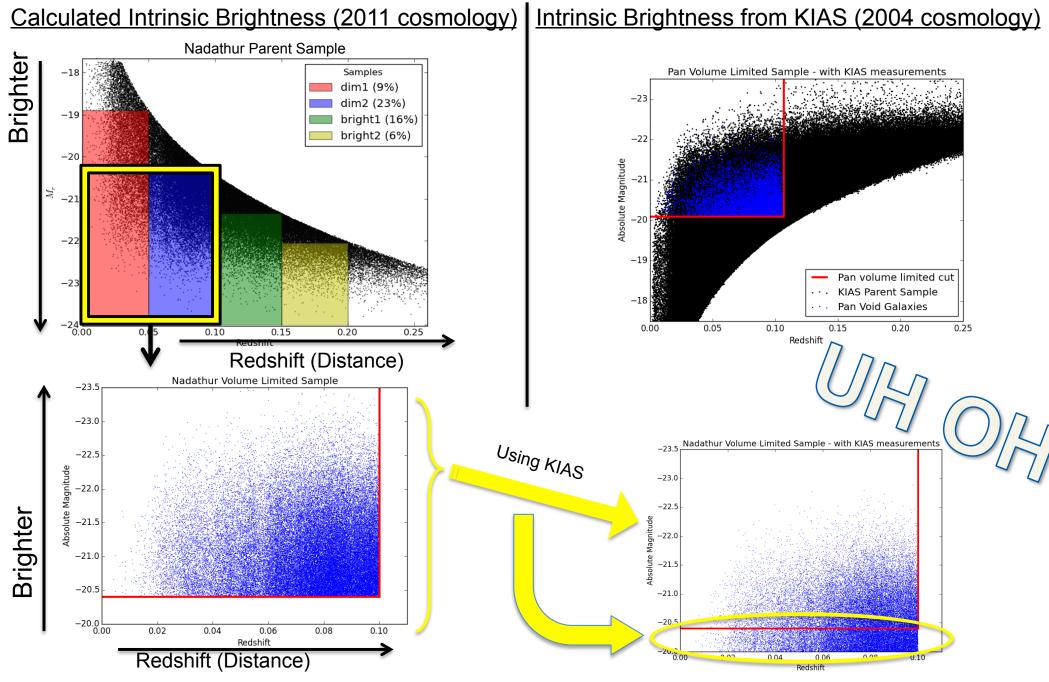
10 h⁻¹ Mpc thick slab of parent sample

Nadathur & Hotchkiss (2014)

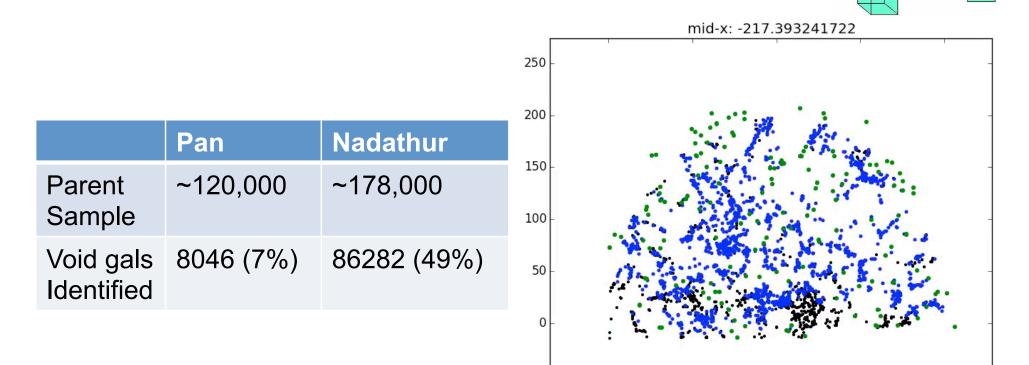
- No assumption of void shape
- ZOBOV
 - Form Voronoi tessellation, take inverse to get density
 - Use watershed to form 'zones'
- Code publicly available
 - Modify parameters
 - Build our own samples



Brightness and z Distribution: Comparing Apples with Apples

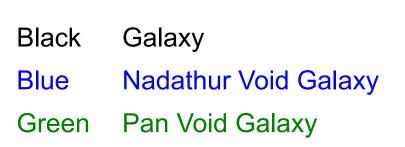


Comparing Pan and Nadathur's Void Samples



-50

-200



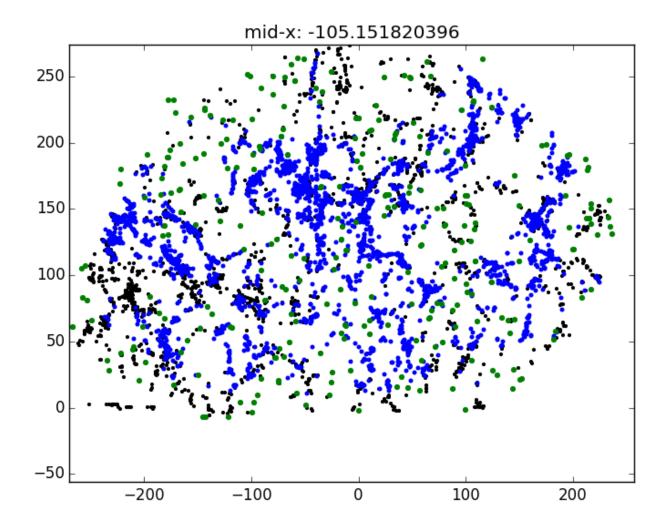
0

100

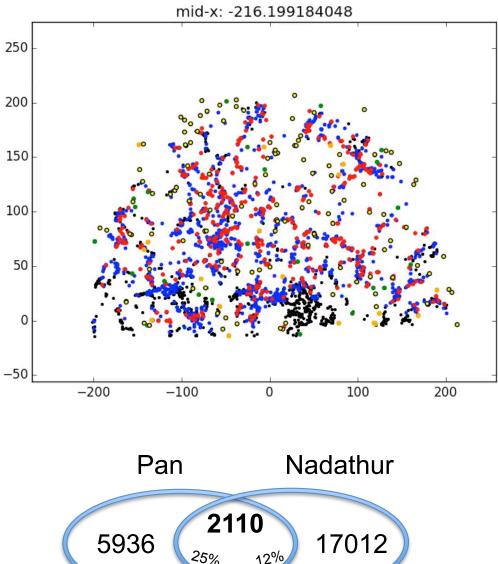
200

-100

Optimizing Voids with Nadathur's Void Finder Algorithm



Comparing Pan and optimized Nadathur's Void Samples



	Pan	Nadathur
Parent Sample	120,000	178,000
Void gals Identified	8046 (7%)	86282 (39%)
Void gals with my cut		19122 (10.7%)

Black	Galaxy
Blue	Nadathur Void Galaxy
Green	Pan Void Galaxy
Red	N. Void Galaxy w/Density Cut
Orange	Pan & N. Void Galaxy
Yellow	Pan & N. Void Galaxy W/Density Cut

Now the Fun Begins...

- Much to do:
 - Try other density cuts
 - Stronger tests of consistency
 - Resolve absolute magnitude disparity
- All with the final goal of comparing properties of galaxies in voids and in walls (normal density regions)

Questions